

temporal event.--

The paragraph beginning at page 8, line 12 has been amended as follows:

--When the time axis analysis is done, the resulting events are studied. All events without spatial overlap (e.g. overlap of two images) can be combined into the same output. In the situation of figures 3 and 4, this means that the first and second events IM1, IM2 cannot be combined, since they use the same region R1. They need to be printed separately. The third and the fourth events IM3, IM4 are combined into same output, since they have images in different regions R2, R3. The second and the combined last events are combined, since they use different regions for the images. The reason why the first event is not combined with the last events is because it is temporally further to them than the second one. However it is ~~obvious~~ should be evident that the combination need not necessarily ~~need~~ be temporally closer events. Depending on the situation, the ~~combined~~ event to be combined can be chosen.--

The paragraph beginning at page 8, line 26 has been amended as follows:

--The resulting one or many printable outputs (combined / separated) are then printed. Printing is done, depending on a print device and a use, as multiple printouts or as a single printout. The multiple outputs can be scaled to fit adjacent slots in the printout, single output can be scaled to fill the printout or outputs can be printed as they are. It is ~~obvious~~ should be evident that the invention discussed here is not limited to printing, the outputs can be printed in any possible way.--

IN THE CLAIMS:

1. (Original) A method for printing an electronic presentation, the method comprising steps for processing a presentation data, wherein the method comprises steps for forming at least one printable output from said electronic presentation that comprises multiple events, by defining a temporal aspect of said events, whereby the printable output is formed based on said temporal aspect.

2. (Original) The method of claim 1 further comprising step for defining a temporal aspect by an onset of each event in the presentation.
3. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein from one to, in maximum, as many printable outputs are formed as there are printable events in the presentation.
4. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein one or more events are located in layout locations of the presentation.
5. (Original) The method of claim 4, further comprising steps for studying a spatial aspect of each event by defining the layout location of each event.
6. (Original) The method of claim 5, further comprising steps for combining events into single output, if their layout locations differ from another, and otherwise keeping them on separated outputs.
7. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 6, wherein the ~~combined~~ single output is printed on a same printout, whereas the separated outputs are printed on their own printouts.
8. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the presentation is a multimedia message and an event is an appearance of a media object of one of the following group: editable text, non-editable text, image, animation, video, streaming video, audio converted to image or to text.
9. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the printout is printed to one of the following group: a file, a hard copy.
10. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the printable output forms a

slide of a slide presentation.

11. (Original) A device for producing a printable output of an electronic presentation, the device comprising means for processing a presentation data, wherein the device comprises means for forming at least one printable output from said electronic presentation that comprises multiple events, by defining a temporal aspect of said events, whereby the forming of a printable output is based said temporal aspect.
12. (Original) The device of claim 11, wherein the temporal aspect is based to an onset of each event in the presentation.
13. (Original) The device of claim 11, the device is arranged to form from one to, in maximum as many printable outputs as there are printable events in the presentation.
14. (Original) The device of claim 11, wherein said presentation comprises layout locations for one or more events.
15. (Original) The device of claim 14, further comprising means for defining the layout location of an event.
16. (Original) The device of claim 15, further comprising means for combining events on the one output, if the layout locations of an event differs from the layout location of another object, and otherwise keeping them on separate outputs.
17. (Original) The device of claim 11, wherein the presentation is a multimedia message, wherein the device is arranged to process objects from at least one of the following groups: editable text, non-editable text, image, animation, video, streaming video, audio converted to image or text.

18. (Original) The device of claim 11, further comprising means for communication through a wireless telecommunications network.
19. (Original) The device of claim 11, further comprising a camera.
20. (Original) The device of claim 11, further comprising means for displaying the presentation.
21. (Original) The device of claim 11, wherein the printout is in one of the following forms: a file, a hard copy.
22. (Original) A system for printing an electronic presentation, the system comprising means for processing a presentation data, wherein the system comprises means for forming at least one printable output from said electronic presentation that comprises multiple events, by defining a temporal aspect of said events, whereby the forming of a printable output is based on said temporal aspect.
23. (Original) The system of claim 22, further comprising means for defining a layout location of each event in the presentation.
24. (Original) The system of claim 22, wherein the system is arranged to combine events on one output, if the layout location of one event differs from the layout location of another event, and otherwise keeping them on separate outputs.
25. (Original) The system of claim 22, further comprising means for printing from one to, in maximum, as many printouts as there are events in the presentation.
26. (Original) The system of claim 22, further comprising a wireless

communication network for transferring the printable output from the means for forming the output to the printing means.

27. (Original) The system of claim 22, wherein the printout is one of the following: a file, a hard copy.

28. (Original) A device module for producing a printable output of an electronic presentation, the module comprising means for processing a presentation data, wherein the module comprises means for forming at least one printable output from said electronic presentation that comprises multiple events, by defining a temporal aspect of said events, whereby the forming of a printable output is based on said temporal aspect.

29. (Original) A computer program product for producing a printable output of an electronic presentation, the computer program comprising instructions for processing a presentation data, wherein the computer program comprises instructions for forming at least one printable output from said electronic presentation that comprises multiple events, by defining a temporal aspect of said events, whereby the forming of a printable output is based on that definition.

30. (Original) The computer program product of claim 29 wherein the computer program product is stored on a computer readable storage medium.

31. (Original) A method for delivering a printout of an electronic presentation, comprising steps for acquiring a presentation data from a sending device via wireless network, wherein the method comprises steps for forming at least one printable output from said electronic presentation that comprises multiple events, by defining a temporal aspect of events, whereby the forming of a printable output is based on said temporal aspect, and step for printing said printable output, wherein the printout of the electronic presentation is delivered to the recipient and

charged from the sender.

32. (Original) The method of claim 31, wherein the printout is in one of the following forms: a varying sized paper, a postcard, a fax, a photograph.